

1. Data file ex.txt contains y1, y2, x1, x2, x3 and x4.

Find the first principal component for  $\mathbf{z}$ , the standardized  $\mathbf{x} = \begin{pmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \end{pmatrix}$ .

```
data a;
  infile "D:\ex.txt";
  input y1 y2 x1 x2 x3 x4 @@;
proc princomp;
  var x1 x2 x3;
run;
```

The first principal component for  $\mathbf{z}$  is  $y_{1*} = 0.3359z_1 - 0.6619z_2 + 0.6701z_3$ .

2. For data in 1, let prin1 and prin2 be the first two principal components for  $\mathbf{z}$ , the standardized  $\mathbf{x} = \begin{pmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \end{pmatrix}$ . Test the usefulness of the model  $\begin{pmatrix} y_1 \\ y_2 \end{pmatrix} = \beta_0 + \beta_1(\text{prin1}) + \beta_2(\text{prin2}) + \epsilon$ .

```
data a;
  infile "D:\ex.txt";
  input y1 y2 x1 x2 x3 x4 @@;
proc princomp out=b;
  var x1 x2 x3;
run;
proc reg;
  y1 y2=prin1 prin2/noprint;
  mtest prin1=0, prin2=0;
run;
```

$H_0 : \beta_i = 0$  for all  $i = 1, 2$  versus  $H_a : \beta_i \neq 0$  for some  $i = 1, 2$   
 Test Statistic:  $\Lambda = \frac{|E|}{|E+H|}$   
 p-value:  $P(\Lambda \leq \Lambda_{ob} | H_0)$

$\Lambda = 0.2802$ ; p-value:  $P(F(4, 6) > 1.33) = 0.3577$   
 Fail to reject  $H_0$

Data do not show evidence of the contribution of prin1 and prin2.