

1. Consider two-sided t -tests

(1) Complete the α -level test scheme.

$$H_0 : l'\beta = b \text{ vs } H_a : l'\beta \neq b$$

$$\text{Test Statistic: } t = \frac{l'\hat{\beta} - b}{S_{l'\hat{\beta}}}$$

$$\text{Reject } H_0 \text{ if } \underline{t < -t_{\alpha/2}(n-p) \text{ or } t > t_{\alpha/2}(n-p)}$$

(2) Complete the test scheme using p -value.

$$H_0 : l'\beta = b \text{ vs } H_a : l'\beta \neq b$$

$$\text{Test Statistic: } t = \frac{l'\hat{\beta} - b}{S_{l'\hat{\beta}}}$$

$$p\text{-value: } \underline{2P(t(n-p) > |t_{ob}|)}$$

(3) Show that α -level rejects H_0 if and only if $p\text{-value} < \alpha$.

$$\begin{aligned} \alpha\text{-level test rejects } H_0 &\iff t_{ob} < -t_{\alpha/2}(n-p) \text{ or } t_{ob} > t_{\alpha/2}(n-p) \\ &\iff |t_{ob}| > t_{\alpha/2}(n-p) \\ &\iff P(t(n-p) > |t_{ob}|) < P(t(n-p) > t_{\alpha/2}(n-p)) = \frac{\alpha}{2} \\ &\iff 2P(t(n-p) > |t_{ob}|) < \alpha \\ &\iff p\text{-value} < \alpha. \end{aligned}$$

2. Consider upper-sided alternative t -test

(1) Complete the α -level test scheme.

$$H_0 : l'\beta \leq b \text{ vs } H_a : l'\beta > b$$

$$\text{Test Statistic: } t = \frac{l'\hat{\beta} - b}{S_{l'\hat{\beta}}}$$

$$\text{Reject } H_0 \text{ if } \underline{t > t_{\alpha}(n-p)}$$

(2) Show that the level of the test in (1) is α .

$$\begin{aligned} P(\text{Rejecting } H_0 | H_0 \text{ is true}) &= P(t > t_{\alpha}(n-p) | H_0 \text{ is true}) \\ &= P\left(\frac{l'\hat{\beta} - b}{S_{l'\hat{\beta}}} > t_{\alpha}(n-p) | H_0 \text{ is true}\right) \\ &= P\left(\frac{l'\hat{\beta} - l'\beta}{S_{l'\hat{\beta}}} - \frac{b - l'\beta}{S_{l'\hat{\beta}}} > t_{\alpha}(n-p) | H_0 \text{ is true}\right) \\ &= P\left(t(n-p) - \frac{b - l'\beta}{S_{l'\hat{\beta}}} > t_{\alpha}(n-p) | H_0 \text{ is true}\right) \\ &= P\left(t(n-p) > t_{\alpha}(n-p) + \frac{b - l'\beta}{S_{l'\hat{\beta}}} | l'\beta \leq b\right) \\ &\leq P(t(n-p) > t_{\alpha}(n-p)) = \alpha. \end{aligned}$$

3. One-way ANOVA data with 4 levels: a, b, c, d are stored in mydata.dat. Find 90% CI for μ_d .

Write formula, plug in numbers, present the final result. Use SAS.

$\bar{X}_d \pm t_{\alpha/2}(n-p)S_{\bar{X}_d} = \bar{X}_d \pm t_{0.05}(18)\sqrt{\frac{MSE}{n_d}} = 40 \pm 1.7341\sqrt{\frac{11.47407}{6}} = (37.602, 42.398)$
is a 90% confidence interval for μ_d .