

Math 344

Wed \rightarrow Take Home Exam Ch 13

11 probs \rightarrow 110 pts

\rightarrow 100 pts = 100%

Q 13.7

$$\iint_{S_{xyz}} f(x, y, z) dS = \iint_{D_{uv}} f(\vec{r}(u, v)) |\vec{r}_u \times \vec{r}_v| dA$$

\uparrow
parameters for S_{xyz}

S : is an explicit function $z = g(x, y)$

parameter form

$$x = x$$

$$y = y$$

$$z = g(x, y)$$

Ch 13 (11 probs)

13.1 $\vec{F}(x, y, z)$

Vector fields

(0 probs)

13.2 (2 probs) Line Integrals

① $\int_C f ds$ $\int_C f dx$ $\int_C f dy$

(C) \uparrow

(parametric form) $\vec{r}(t) \quad a \leq t \leq b$

$ds = |\vec{r}'(t)| dt$ $dx = x' dt$
 $dy = y' dt$

$\int_a^b f(\vec{r}) |\vec{r}'| dt$

ex $\int_C f ds$ ① give C (parametric?)
 ② give f

Setup (spts) ds

$\int_a^b \underbrace{f(\vec{r}(t))}_{f \text{ is, now in } t} |\vec{r}'| dt$

② like integral on \vec{F}

$\int_C (\vec{F} \cdot \vec{T}) ds = \int_a^b (\vec{F}(\vec{r}) \cdot \vec{r}') dt$

\vec{T} unit tangent along C

13.3 Fund. Th^m for Line Integrals

(1 prob)

$$\int_C (\nabla f) \cdot d\vec{r} = f(\vec{r}(b)) - f(\vec{r}(a))$$

ex $\vec{F} = \langle P, Q \rangle$

if $P_y = Q_x \rightarrow \vec{F} = \nabla f$

$\rightarrow \begin{cases} P = f_x \\ Q = f_y \end{cases}$ Solve for f

so $\vec{F} = \langle xy^2, x^2y \rangle$

a) Conserv? $\frac{\partial}{\partial y}(xy^2) = 2xy$ } yes
 $\frac{\partial}{\partial x}(x^2y) = 2xy$

$\begin{cases} f_x = xy^2 \\ f_y = x^2y \end{cases} \rightarrow \begin{cases} f = \int xy^2 dx \\ f = \frac{1}{2}x^2y^2 + C(y) \end{cases}$ not is

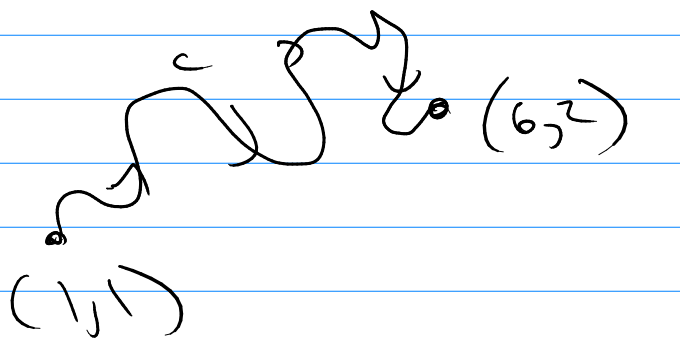
$f = \frac{1}{2}x^2y^2 + C(y)$
 $f_y = x^2y + C'(y)$ Must be equal

$$\text{so } C'(y) = 0$$

$$\text{so } C(y) = C$$

$$\boxed{f = \frac{1}{2}x^2y^2 + C}$$

$$\rightarrow \int_C \langle x^2y, xy^2 \rangle \cdot d\vec{r} = f(a, b) - f(a, a)$$


$$\begin{aligned} &= \frac{1}{2}(6^2)(2^2) - \frac{1}{2}(1^2)(1^2) \\ &= \frac{1}{2}(4 \cdot 36 - 1) \\ &= \boxed{\frac{143}{2}} \end{aligned}$$

13.4 Green's

1 prob



$$\int_C Pdx + Qdy = \iint_D (Q_x - P_y) dA$$

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13.8 Stok's (1 problem)

$$\textcircled{1} \int_C \vec{F} \cdot d\vec{r} = \iint_S \text{curl}(\vec{F}) \cdot d\vec{S}$$

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Find?

13.9 Dir Thm (1 problem)

$$\textcircled{1} \iint_S \vec{F} \cdot d\vec{S} = \iiint_E \text{div}(\vec{F}) \, dV$$

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